1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	PAMELA Y. PRICE, ESQ. (STATE BAR NO PRICE AND ASSOCIATES A Professional Law Corporation The Latham Square Building 1611 Telegraph Avenue, Suite 1450 Oakland, CA 94612 Telephone: (510) 452-0292 Facsimile: (510) 452-5625 Attorneys for Plaintiff M. HOPE YOUNG SCOTT N. SCHOOLS (S.C.BN 9990) United States Attorney JOANN M. SWANSON (SBN 88143) Chief, Civil Division JONATHAN U. LEE (SBN 148792) Assistant United States Attorney 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Ninth Floor San Francisco, California 94102 Telephone: (415) 436-6909 Facsimile: (415) 436-6748 Email: jonathan.lee@usdoj.gov Attorneys for Federal Defendants	D. 107713)	
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
16	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
17	M. HOPE YOUNG,	No. C 07-2413 JSW	
18	Plaintiff,	JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT	
19	v.	STATEMENT AND PROPOSED ORDER	
20	ALPHONSO JACKSON, SECRETARY OF		
21	THE DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT; FAYE	Date: December 21, 2007 Time: 1:30 p.m.	
22	AUSTIN; MARC ROTHBERG; AND GEORGE WEIDENFELLER,	Place: Courtroom 2, 17 th Floor 450 Golden Gate Avenue	
23	Defendants.	San Francisco, CA Judge: Hon. Jeffrey S. White	
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	JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT		

According to Northern District Civil Local Rule 16-9, requiring counsel to file a Joint Case Management Statement addressing all of the topics set forth in the Standing Order for All Judges of the Northern District of California – Contents of Joint Case Management Statement, dated March 1, 2007, the parties through their counsel of record file the following Joint Case Management Statement:

1. Jurisdiction and Service

The Court has jurisdiction under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. The parties are plaintiff M. Hope Young and defendant Secretary of Housing and Urban Development. The defendant has been served.

2. Relevant Facts

<u>Plaintiff</u>: Plaintiff M. Hope Young has been employed as an attorney in the Office of Counsel of the Dept. of Housing and Urban Development since 1992, specializing in fair housing. She is currently employed as an Attorney/GS-14. In March 2004, Regional Counsel Faye Austin and Deputy General Counsel George Weidenfeller made a decision to fill a supervisory position through a voluntary reassignment process, bypassing the requirements of a vacancy announcement and the normal promotional process. Plaintiff contends that this decision was made to preclude her from being considered for this promotional opportunity based upon her race (African-American) and gender (female), and that the reassignment selection process was used to ensure the selection and subsequent promotion of Marc Rothberg, a Caucasian male.

On May 11, 2004, Ms. Young filed a formal EEO Complaint of Discrimination. She amended her initial EEO Complaint on October 7, 2004. Immediately following the filing of this Complaint, Ms. Young alleges that Messrs. Rothberg and Weidenfeller and Ms. Austin engaged in a course of conduct intended to harass and intimidate Ms. Young, and created a hostile work environment for her in retaliation for her EEO complaint. Ms. Young alleges that since May 2004 up until the present day, supervisors Rothberg and Austin have, *inter alia*, falsely accused her of (a) failing to perform assignments, (b) neglecting her duties and (c) arriving late to work; hired and instructed her co-workers to spy on her; unfairly placed on a Performance Improvement Plan; denied her the benefits of long-accepted attendance practices with respect to teleworking,

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bereavement leave, and participation in HUD's credit-hour program; set timelines and deadlines that were unreasonable or impossible for her to meet or comply with; began to monitor her daily arrival and departure times at work; and singled her out for punishment while ignoring the late arrival and early departure times of other similarly situated employees, including attorney Kim Marlia, a Caucasian male.

More recently, these supervisors have denied her requests for reasonable accommodation based upon her disability, subjected her to disciplinary actions, modified her work assignments, and issued her an unfavorable performance evaluation. On November 23, 2007, Ms. Young filed a subsequent EEO Complaint for disability discrimination which is pending. She intends to amend this action to include the claims arising from Defendant's continuing retaliation.

Defendant: This is an employment discrimination lawsuit filed by Melissa Hope Young, who is a GS-14 Attorney-Advisor in the Region IX Office of Counsel of the Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") in San Francisco, California. Plaintiff named Alphonso Jackson, Secretary of HUD, in his official capacity. Plaintiff alleges that HUD discriminated against her due to her race (African-American) and her sex (female), and reprisal for prior equal employment opportunity activity. She alleges, inter alia: (1) she was passed over for a reassignment to a supervisory position in the Region IX office, (2) she was subsequently harassed and retaliated against for prior EEO activity when her supervisor i) suspended her participation in the Credit Hour Program, ii) disapproved various requests to work credit hours, iii) placed her on a Performance Improvement Plan, iv) accused her of failing to complete assignments timely, v) repeatedly accused her of tardiness, and vi) prohibited her from using bereavement leave.

Defendant denies there was any discrimination or retaliation against plaintiff.

Regarding the supervisory position, this was a voluntary reassignment, not an announced vacancy. Defendant considered but did not select plaintiff for the reassignment to the supervisory position because she was not the most experienced candidate, had a poor attendance history, and was not complete in her work product.

Regarding plaintiff's credit hour program claim, defendant approved plaintiff's Credit Hour program requests when appropriate and warranted by her work load. At times, her requests were

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not warranted or appropriate and in those instances defendant did not approve plaintiff's request.

Regarding the performance improvement plan claim, defendant contends that it instituted a performance improvement plan because plaintiff's performance needed improvement. After plaintiff provided work status reports and prioritized her work load appropriately, and after weekly meetings with her supervisor to implement the plan, plaintiff's performance improved and she was removed from the PIP.

As for plaintiff's failure to complete assignments timely, this fact was documented and addressed in the performance improvement plan.

Regarding the tardiness claim, plaintiff has been habitually tardy in appearing to work during approved hours. This is documented and has been addressed directly with plaintiff.

Regarding plaintiff's bereavement leave claim, plaintiff provided a leave slip on March 3, 2005 indicating one half hour of bereavement leave the previous day for "death in the family." Plaintiff's supervisor requested that she provide the required information, including the name and relationship of the family member. When plaintiff provided this information, within a few days, the supervisor approved the bereavement leave request.

3. Legal Issues

Defendants:

- I. Discrimination: Can plaintiff establish the prima facie elements of racial discrimination by showing disparate treatment, namely that she was "singled out and treated less favorably than others similarly situated on account of race or any other criterion impermissible under [Title VII]?" Gay v. Waiters' and Dairy Lunchmen's Union, Local No. 30, 694 F.2d 531, 537 (9th Cir. 1982); McDonnell Douglas Corp. v. Green, 411 U.S. 792, 802, 803 (1973).
- II. Discrimination: Can the defendant articulate a legitimate nondiscriminatory reason for the alleged adverse employment actions?
- III. Discrimination: Once the defendant carries this burden, will plaintiff be able to demonstrate that the "assigned reason' was 'a pretext or discriminatory in its application.'" <u>Lynn v. Regents of the Univ. of California</u>, 656 F.2d 1337, 1341

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(9th Cir. 1981) (quoting McDonnell Douglas Corp. v. Green, 411 U.S. 792, 807 (1973)).

- IV. Retaliation: Will plaintiff be able to carry her burden to show that: (1) she engaged in a protected activity; (2) she suffered an adverse employment decision; and (3) there was a causal link between the protected activity and the adverse employment decision. See Villiarimo v. Aloha Island Air, Inc., 281 F.3d 1054, 1064 (9th Cir. 2002).
- V. Retaliation: If the plaintiff establishes a prima facie case of retaliation, will defendant be able to carry its burden to articulate a legitimate, non-retaliatory explanation for the adverse employment action. See Winarto v. Toshiba America Electronics Components, Inc., 274 F.3d 1276, 1284 (9th Cir. 2001).
- VI. Retaliation: If the employer rebuts the inference of retaliation, the burden shifts back to the plaintiff to show that the defendant's explanation is merely a pretext for impermissible retaliation. See Brooks v. San Mateo, 229 F.3d 917, 928 (9th Cir. 2000).
- VII. Nature and scope of damages, if any.

PLAINTIFF:

b.

- Whether Ms. Young's race or gender activity was a motivating factor in a. Defendant's decision not to promote her in January 2004. (Stegall v. Citadel Broadcasting Co., 350 F.3d 1061, 1067 (9th Cir. 2003), citing Costa v. Desert Palace, Inc., 299 F.3d 838, 856-57 (9th Cir. 2002), affirmed, Desert Palace, Inc., v. Costa, 539 U.S. 90, 123 S.Ct. 2148, 156 L.Ed.2d 84 (2003); see also McGinest v. GTE Service Corp., 360 F.3d 1103, 1122-1123 (9th Cir. 2004).)
- membership in two protected groups: that of a racial minority and female. (Lam v. University of Hawaii, 40 F.3d 1551, 1561-1562 (9th Cir. 1994).)

Whether Ms. Young was targeted for discrimination or harassment because of her

Whether Ms. Young was subjected to persistent and ongoing harassment that was c. sufficiently severe to change the terms and conditions of her employment. (Meritor Sav. Bank v.

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The parties have met and conferred and make the following proposal.

A) Depositions: Plaintiff believes she'll need to seek leave to take 20-25 depositions.

Defendant will seek leave to take 10 depositions. These will include:

d. Whether the cumulative effect of numerous discrete acts polluted Ms. Young's

Vinson (1986) 477 U.S. 57, 66-67, 106 S.Ct. 2399, 2404-2405, 91 L.Ed.2d 49; Draper v. Coeur

work environment and created a hostile work environment. (Morgan v. Amtrak, 232 F.3d 1008, 1017 (9th Cir. 2000), affirmed in part, reversed in part; National Passenger Railroad Corp. v. Morgan (2002) 536 U.S. 101, 115, 122 S.Ct. 2061, 2072, 153 L.Ed.2d 106); Porter v. CDC, 419 F.3d 885, 891 (9th Cir. 2005) (as amended August 5, 2005); Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc. (1998) 523 U.S. 75, 81-82, 118 S.Ct. 998, 1003, 140 L.Ed.2d 201).)

4. Motions

Defendants: The parties anticipate that motions for summary judgment will be filed and hereby request a hearing date be assigned at this conference, if possible.

5. Amendment to the Pleadings

Defendant: None anticipated.

Plaintiff: Plaintiff has additional claims for retaliation and other discriminatory acts that have occurred since the filing of this action. Subject to the exhaustion of any additional administrative requirements, plaintiff will seek leave to amend this complaint.

6. Evidence Preservation

Defendants: The Federal Defendant has secured all e-mail activity on the HUD e-mail accounts of the following persons: defendants Weidenfeller, Austin, and Rothberg and plaintiff. Defendant requests that plaintiff take all appropriate measures to preserve evidence, including electronically stored data, exclusively within her possession, care, custody or control.

8. Discovery

The parties have agreed to exchange of Rule 26 disclosures within 14 days of the Case Management Conference.

- 1) Plaintiff all aspects of the claims
- 2) Fernandez-Pifer, Rosemarie HUD co-worker identified by plaintiff as having knowledge of discrimination against plaintiff in the 2004 supervisor selection
- 3) Hill, Tyrone former HUD co-worker identified by plaintiff as having knowledge of discrimination against plaintiff in the 2004 supervisor selection, as well as additional instances of discrimination, retaliation, etc.
- 4) Kilibarda, Hana former HUD co-worker identified by plaintiff as having knowledge of discrimination against plaintiff in the 2004 supervisor selection
- 5) Lee, Ji HUD intern with knowledge of plaintiff's work place relationships in general and with Mr. Rothberg specifically including several episodes of alleged discrimination, etc.
- 6) Lui, Josephine HUD paralegal with knowledge of plaintiff's work place relationships in general and with Mr. Rothberg specifically including several episodes of alleged discrimination, etc. and plaintiff's attendance patterns
- 7) Marlia, Kim HUD attorney and co-worker with knowledge of plaintiff's claims generally and knowledge of plaintiff's attendance and related performance and disciplinary issues
- 8) Murakami, Dennis plaintiff's former supervisor, who plaintiff identifies as a witness to the qualifications of plaintiff and the selectee Mr. Rothberg for the nonselection claim
- 9-10) Plaintiff's medical care providers (2) yet to be identified

Plaintiff's list of deponents includes all of the foregoing lay witnesses listed by defendants.

With respect to Nos. 2, 4, 7 & 8 (Rosemarie Fernandez-Pifer, Hana Kilibarda,

Kim Marlia and Dennis Murakami), in addition to the topics listed by defendants, Plaintiff believes they have knowledge of the continuing incidents of retaliation and harassment and the hostile environment for Plaintiff.

With respect to Kim Marlia, Plaintiff believes that he will also testify to the disparate treatment of Plaintiff with respect to attendance practices and daily arrival and departure times.

- 9) Linda Cruciani HUD Attorney with knowledge of Plaintiff's work assignments in 2004 and continuing acts of retaliation and discrimination from then until 2007
- 10) Victor Wilson HUD employee hired and assigned specifically to monitor Plaintiff's presence and activities in the workplace with directions to report back to Plaintiff's supervisors
- 11) Sam Hutchinson HUD Attorney with knowledge of continuing acts of retaliation and discrimination from 2004 up to 2007
- 12) Richard Thomas similarly situated Caucasian male attorney who was treated differently with respect to attendance and commuting practices.
- Naomi de la Mora HUD Attorney with knowledge of Plaintiff's work assignments in 2004 and acts of retaliation and discrimination against Plaintiff
- B) Written Discovery: Defendant to serve requests for production of documents, interrogatories and requests for admission on or before January 31, 2008, to cover the subjects of evidence to support or relating to the plaintiff's liability contentions, plaintiff's statements, treatment received for plaintiff's physical and emotional injuries, and any other claim of damages.

Plaintiff intends to serve written interrogatories, requests for admissions and requests for production of documents regarding the bases for her non-selection for

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the supervisory position, the decision to fill the position by a voluntary reassignment in lieu of the promotional process utilized for the same position in all of the other regions, the bases for the various decisions made regarding Plaintiff's work assignments, denial of teleworking requests, denial of bereavement leave, suspension of credit-hour participation, monitoring of her attendance, and criticism of her work performance, including but not limited to the issuance of a performance improvement plan.

C) Rule 35 examinations – Plaintiff has placed her physical and mental health in issue by her allegations and therefore Defendant requests an order permitting two examinations by independent experts.

9. Class Actions

Not applicable.

10. Related Cases

None known.

11. Relief Sought

Plaintiff's complaint seeks general and compensatory damages, medical expenses and related expenses, loss of earnings and earning capacity, costs of suit, attorneys fees, injunctive relief, and other relief the Court deems just and proper.

12. Settlement and ADR

The parties agree to mediation through the Court's ADR department. Defendant requests that it be timed to take place after the completed deposition of the plaintiff. Plaintiff requests either that the mediation take place in accordance with the early timing normally set by the ADR department or that if it is going to take place after discovery commences than plaintiff requests an opportunity to conduct discovery as well. Furthermore, plaintiff requests that if the Court chooses to delay ADR pending discovery then plaintiff requests that each party be limited to one 7 hour deposition before mediation.

13. Consent to Magistrate Judge For All Purposes

The parties do not consent.

14. Other References

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None at this time.

15. Narrowing of Issues

The motions described above may limit or narrow issues before trial.

16. Expedited Schedule

None suggested.

17. Scheduling

Trial: November 17, 2008

Pretrial Conference: October 24, 2008

Dispositive motion filing deadline: June 27, 2008

Dispositive motion hearing: August 1, 2008

Fact discovery cut off: April 21, 2008

Expert disclosure and Rule 26 reports: August 8, 2008

Settlement Conference (if summary judgment denied): September 2008

The parties propose the foregoing schedule after discussion of their pre-existing trial commitments and vacation schedules.

18. Trial

Defendant anticipates the trial length is 1.5 to 2 weeks. Plaintiff estimates a trial length of three to five weeks. Proposed trial date is November 17, 2008.

19. Disclosure of Non-Party Interested Entities or Persons

Federal Defendant believes they are exempt from this requirement because they are federal governmental entities or federal officers. Plaintiff is not aware of any.

20. Such Other Matters As May Facilitate Just, Speedy and Inexpensive Resolution

Plaintiff to provide at the time of the initial disclosures a complete list of medical care providers from January 1, 2004 to the present and a signed authorization to release medical records, including the provisions of HIPAA, in light of her prayer for damages alleging medical expenses. Defendant to provide at the time of the initial disclosure an identification of contemporaneous evidence, if any, relied upon by former defendants

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1	Austin and Weidenfeller for plaintiff's nonselection for the supervisory position.		
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3	DATED: December 14, 2007	LAW OFFICES OF PAMELA Y. PRICE	
4		/s/ PAMELA Y. PRICE	
5		Attorneys for M. Hope Young	
6	DATED: December 14, 2007	SCOTT N. SCHOOLS	
7	DATED. December 14, 2007	United States Attorney	
8		JONATHAN U. LEE	
9		Assistant United States Attorney Attorneys for the United States of America	
10		Thomeys for the Office States of Afficilea	
11	PROPOSED ORDER		
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13	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
14	Dated: December, 2007	Hon. Jeffrey S. White	
15		Hon. Jeffrey S. White UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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